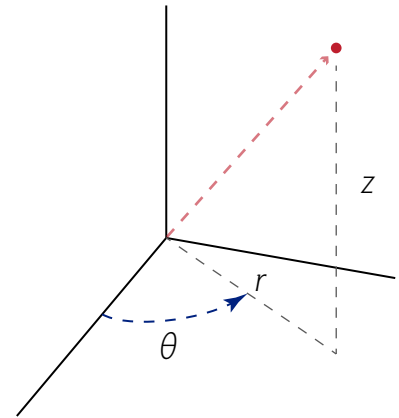


Cylindrical & Spherical Coordinates

Cylindrical Coordinates

- Positions are specified in terms of an angle, θ , and distance (r) from the **pole** (the origin) in the x-y plane and a distance, z , above the x-y plane, as at right.
- Positions are expressed as an ordered triplet, (r, θ, z) .

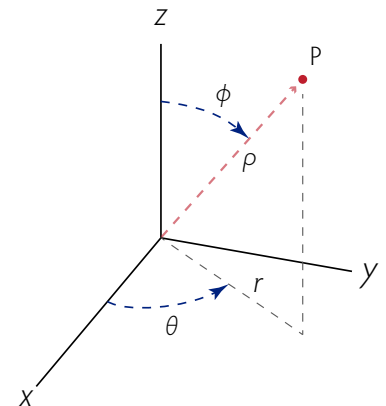


Conversions

- Cylindrical (r, θ, z) to Rectangular (x, y, z)
 - $x = r \cos \theta$ $y = r \sin \theta$ $z = z$
- Rectangular (x, y, z) to Cylindrical (r, θ, z)
 - $r^2 = x^2 + y^2$ $\tan \theta = \frac{y}{x}$ $z = z$

Spherical Coordinates

- Positions are specified in terms of an angle θ and distance ρ from the pole (the origin) in the x-y plane and an angle ϕ from the z axis, as at right.
- Positions are expressed as an ordered triplet, (ρ, θ, ϕ) .



Conversions

Spherical $\leftrightarrow$ Rectangular

Remember that ρ is the distance from the pole (not an angle).

- Spherical (ρ, θ, ϕ) to Rectangular (x, y, z)
 - $x = \rho \sin \phi \cos \theta$ $y = \rho \sin \phi \sin \theta$ $z = z$
- Rectangular (x, y, z) to Spherical (ρ, θ, ϕ)
 - $\rho = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}$ $\theta = \tan^{-1}(\frac{y}{x})$ $\phi = \cos^{-1}(\frac{z}{\rho})$

Spherical $\leftrightarrow$ Cylindrical

- Spherical (ρ, θ, ϕ) to Cylindrical (r, θ, z)
 - $r = \rho \sin \phi$ $\theta = \theta$ $z = \rho \cos \phi$
- Cylindrical (r, θ, z) to Spherical (ρ, θ, ϕ)
 - $\rho = \sqrt{r^2 + z^2}$ $\theta = \theta$ $\phi = \cos^{-1}(\frac{z}{\rho})$